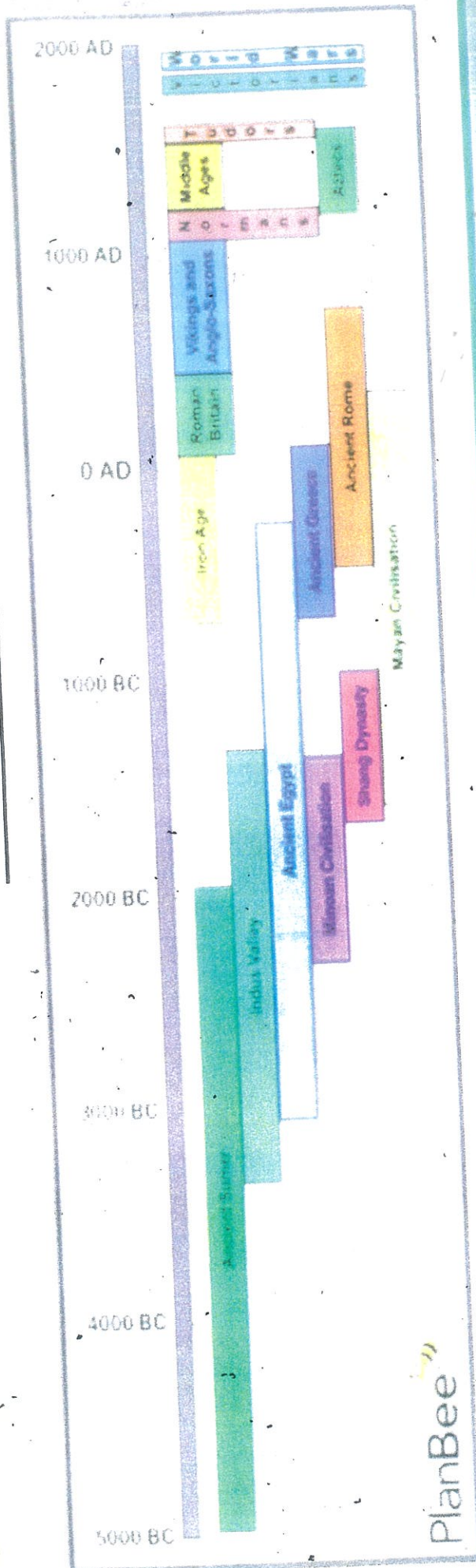
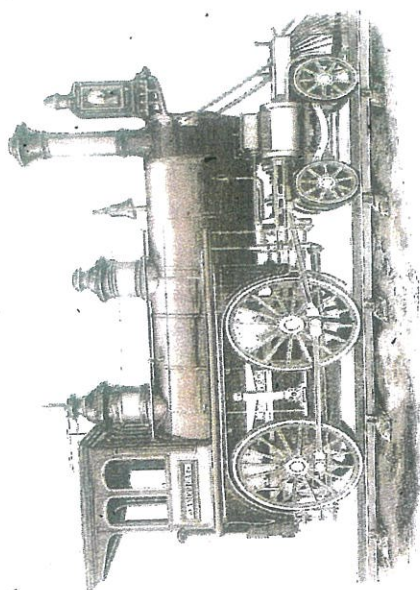


Year 4 Knowledge Organiser—History

Travel through History



Prior Learning:

Other civilisations such as:

The Stone Age, The Iron Age, The Romans and The Ancient Greeks

Links with other subjects:

Geography—Mapping Skills, Physical & Human Geography and Settlements

Science—making things work

D&T—how things move

Links with Guided Reading:

Amazing Transport

Tilly and the Time

Machine

I need to know:

- What are the earliest forms of transport
- What early forms of transport are still used today?
- Was the wheel the most important invention for transport?
- Who were the key figures in improving transport?
- Did different civilisations and eras use different types of transport?
- How did transport improve civilisations?

Key Vocabulary

Definition	
a powered flying vehicle with fixed wings and a weight greater than that of the air it displaces	aeroplane
a car	automobile
a light, narrow boat with pointed ends and no keel, propelled with a paddle or paddles	canoe
a machine with moving parts that converts power into motion	engine
a type of aircraft which derives both lift and propulsion from one or more sets of	helicopter
a large, heavy motor vehicle for transporting goods or troops; a truck	lorry
a traveller on a public or private conveyance other than the driver, pilot, or crew	passenger
a person who operates the flying controls of an aircraft	pilot
a track made of steel rails along which trains run	railway
an English civil engineer and designer of locomotives	Robert Stephenson
a boat propelled by sails	sailboat
an engine that uses the expansion or rapid condensation of steam to generate power	steam engine
a thing used for transporting people or goods, especially on land, such as a car, lorry, or cart	vehicle
a ship or large boat	vessel
a circular object that revolves on an axle and is fixed below a vehicle or other object to	wheel

By the end of the topic I will know that:

The earliest forms of transport is walking, riding on animals, canoeing and wheeled carriages.

Walking is still used today five centuries later.

The wheel changed transport for ever, lives were improved because of wheels.

The key figures in transport include: Robert Stephenson, Henry Ford, The Wright Brothers, Neil Armstrong

Primary Sources can be used to identify how early civilisations travelled.

Secondary sources can be used to improve our knowledge of transport throughout history.